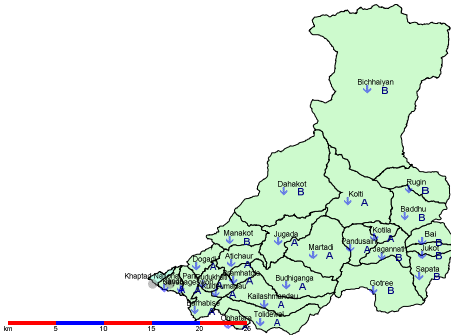


### Food Security Phase Classification Map



### Estimated number of food insecure

Food insecure VDCs (Phase 3 and 4)	Estimated population (Phase 3 and 4)
<b>Total population at risk</b>	
<b>Total population in district (2011 census)</b>	<b>134,912</b>

Source: DADO/DFSN/Field Observation/Census 2011, CBS

### Phase classification indicators\*

Indicator	VDC Cluster		
	A	B	C
<b>Area Outcomes</b>			
Food Consumption	1	1	
Acute child malnutrition (6-59m) - Wasting	2	3	
Livelihood Change (and Coping strategies)	1	1	
<b>Availability</b>			
Production :1 <sup>st</sup> main crop paddy for cluster A,Millet for clus B.	1	1	
2 <sup>nd</sup> main crop millet for clus B	1	1	
3 <sup>rd</sup> main crop wheat for clus A,B	1	1	
Household food stock	1	1	
Market stock	1	1	
<b>Accessibility</b>			
Food prices of main staples (rice, wheat flour, and others)	1	1	
Employment opportunities within and neighbouring districts	1	1	
Non Timber Forest Products (NTFP), Cash/high value crops, and small enterprises	1	1	
Income from meat, milk, egg, fish, honey	1	1	
Remittances	1	1	
<b>Utilisation</b>			
Human disease incidences, and epidemics	1	1	
Water supply for drinking, sanitation	1	1	
<b>Stability</b>			
Climatic hazards: floods, landslides, dry spell, snowfall, hailstorm, and strong wind	1	1	
Disaster: Earthquake, Fire	1	1	
Out-migration (stress induced)	1	1	
Civil security (social violence, and bandh/blockade)	1	1	
<b>Overall classification</b>			
	1	1	
<b>4 months outlook</b>			
	▼	▼	

\* VDCs are clustered based on general similarities in food security. Classification of each indicator is based on agreed thresholds of the reference indicator.

#### Food security classification:

- Phase 1. Minimal Food Insecure – Households with secure food and non-food needs without shifting or changing livelihood strategies. These households are capable of adjusting small scale stresses caused by hazards, disasters, shocks, epidemics and conflicts or violence by means of existing social, natural and economic capital.
- Phase 2. Moderately Food Insecure (or Stressed) – Households meet minimal food with traditional coping, but are unable to afford some essential non-food expenditures without engaging in irreversible coping strategies.
- Phase 3. Highly Food Insecure (or Crisis) – Households with food consumption gaps high or above usual acute malnutrition. Or meet minimal food needs only with accelerated depletion of livelihood assets - lead to food consumption gaps.
- Phase 4. Severely Food Insecure (or Emergency) – Households unable to meet food and non-food needs without losing livelihood assets. This induces very high acute malnutrition leading to high morbidity, mortality and shortened life expectancy. Probable high level of violence and movement restriction due to conflict. Some immediate interventions and assistance required.
- Phase 5. Humanitarian Emergency (or Famine) - Almost all households have an extreme lack of food and other basic needs where starvation, destitutions, irreversible loss of capital resources and loss of lives are evident. Households of the whole areas are challenged by acute shortage of food and other basic needs - hazards, disasters, epidemics or destruction of infrastructure, disturbances of services. Immediate humanitarian assistance required.

**Outlook:** ▲ improve, ► stay the same, ▼ decline

### Food security statements

#### Current food security situation

Overall food security situation is minimally food insecure in the district. In reporting period although situation was moderately insecure in eastern northern part of the district in July-August month due to lean period for crop harvest but now situation is normal because of Production of Summer Crop (paddy, Maize, Millet, Chino) was increase by up to 5% compare to normal year all over the define A, B cluster, now people have HHs food stock sufficient for more than 4 month, also sufficient food stock in market and NFC no natural Disaster, no Human epidemic and peaceful civil security, as well market price also normal compare to last year in flow of people during festival period, Dashain Tihar CA election with remittance inflow in the period, so finally 80% population are now minimally food insecure as well 20% population are suffering moderately and highly food insecure situation.

#### Current food security outlook

Overall food security situation will deteriorate due to lean period for crop harvest in upcoming cycle HHs food stock is depleting, wage employment opportunities will be limited due to less presence of development agency for support food security. Market price of rice will be in increasing trend, So People will Difficult cope by borrowing food and money.