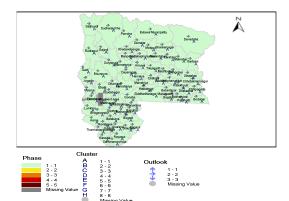
## Rupandehi

## **District Food Security Network Bulletin**

Issue: 10

#### Food Security Phase Classification Map



## Reporting period: Mangsir-Phalgun 2070 Outlook period: Chaitra 2070 to Aashadh 2071

तेपाल खाद्य सुरक्षा अनुगमन प्रणाली

#### Estimated number of food insecure

| Food insecure VDCs (Phase 3 and 4)        | Estimated population (Phase 3 and 4) |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
|   |                                      |  |  |
|   |                                      |  |  |
|   |                                      |  |  |
|   |                                      |  |  |
|   |                                      |  |  |
|   |                                      |  |  |
|   |                                      |  |  |
| otal population at risk                   | 0                                    |  |  |
| otal population in district (2011 census) | 886701*                              |  |  |

\*Source: Census 2011, CBS

#### Phase classification indicators\*

| Indicator  | VDC Cluster |    |    |
|--|-------------|----|----|
| Indicator  | Α           | В  | С  |
| Area Outcomes  |             | NA | NA |
| Food Consumption   | 1           |    |    |
| Acute child malnutrition (6-59m) - Wasting   | 1           |    |    |
| Livelihood Change (and Coping strategies)  | 1           |    |    |
| Availability   |             |    |    |
| Production :1 <sup>st</sup> main crop(Paddy-Harvested)                                   | 1           |    |    |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> main crop (Wheat - Growing)  | 1           |    |    |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> main crop  | NA          |    |    |
| Household food stock   | 1           |    |    |
| Market stock   | 1           |    |    |
| Accessibility  |             |    |    |
| Food prices of main staples (rice, wheat flour, and others)                              | 1           |    |    |
| Employment opportunities within and neighbouring<br>districts                            | 1           |    |    |
| Non Timber Forest Products (NTFP), Cash/high<br>value crops, and small enterprises       | 1           |    |    |
| Income from meat, milk, egg, fish, honey   | 1           |    |    |
| Remittances  | 1           |    |    |
| Utilisation  |             |    |    |
| Human disease incidences, and epidemics  | 1           |    |    |
| Water supply for drinking, sanitation  | 1           |    |    |
| Stability  |             |    |    |
| Climatic hazards: floods, landslides, dry spell,<br>snowfall, hailstorm, and strong wind | 1           |    |    |
| Disaster: Earthquake, Fire   | 1           |    |    |
| Out-migration (stress induced)   | 1           |    |    |
| Civil security (social violance, and bandh/blockade)                                     | 1           |    |    |
| Overall classification   | 1           |    |    |
| 4 months outlook   |             |    |    |

#### Food security statements

 Current food security situation

 The Overall Food Security situation is minimally Food Insecure.( phase One)

 • HHs have sufficient food stock for 6-8 month mainly from paddy production which was main summer Crops of the district.

Agri production(veg,mushroom,fish, and their sale was normal. Similarly livestock (milk, goat, chicken) sale was also good.

Employment opportunities from some agriculture & construction works including Factory are reportedly available.

• Sufficient food stock in the market to fulfill the demand and the price of rice is also normal (increased by 5 percent compare to last year).

No natural disaster causing food loss and civil security was normal during this cycle. Market stock also for mor than 4 month .

No disease outbreak and nutritional status was only 1.7 %.

# Current food security outlook

tood stock will be sufficient for more than 4 months from previous harvest (paddy). And main winter crop production will support in food stock.purchasing capacity will be continued Form Sale of cash crop and livestock product. Similarly there will be income from remittance and employment opportunity will also be available in agriculture & factory. Market price may be stable due to sufficient stock and good road network and market stock will remain same. People will rely on traditional mechanism as wage,sell of cash crops, out-migration.

\* VDCs are clustered based on general similarities in food security. Classification of each indicator is based on agreed thresholds of the reference indicator.

#### Food security classification:

Phase 1. Minimal Food Insecure – Households with secure food and non-food needs without shifting or changing livelihood strategies. These households are capable of adjusting small scale stresses caused by hazards, disasters, shocks, epidemics and conflicts or violence by means of existing social, natural and economic capital.

Phase 2. Moderately Food Insecure (or Stressed) - Households meet minimal food with traditional coping, but are unable to afford some essential non-food expenditures without engaging in irreversible coping strategies.

Phase 3. Highly Food Insecure (or Crisis) – Households with food consumption gaps high or above usual acute malnutrition. Or meet minimal food needs only with accelerated depletion of livelihood assets - lead to food consumption gaps.

Phase 4. Severely Food Insecure (or Emergency) – Households unable to meet food and non-food needs without losing livelihood assets. This induces very high acute malnutrition leading to high morbidity, mortality and shortened life expectancy. Probable high level of violence and movement restriction due to conflict. Some immediate interventions and assistance required.

Phase 5. Humanitarian Emergency (or Famine) - Almost all households have an extreme lack of food and other basic needs where starvation, destitutions, irreversible loss of capital resources and loss of lives are evident. Households of the whole areas are challenged by acute shortage of food and other basic needs, disasters, epidemics or destruction of infrastructure, disturbances of services. Immediate humanitarian assistance required.

Outlook: improve, stay the same, decline

District Food Security Network affiliated members: DAO, DADO, DDC, DLSO, DFO, DEO, DWCO DPHO, INGOs - WFP, NRCS, NGO Federation, FNCCI, RPQO, NRB, NWRC, IDO, DCO, NFO, This District Food Security Bulletin and other publications relating to food security can be accessed through the Nepal Food Security Monitoring System Google group:

https://sites.google.com/site/nefoodsec/home