WFP VAM Food Security Monitoring System District: Udayapur

Food Security Phase Classification

Reporting Period: 16 Nov - 15 Mar 2014 (Mansir - Falgun 2070)



FS Phase Classification FS Phase Classification Clusters 1. Minimally Food Insecure A, B, C 2. Moderately food Insecure 3. Highly food insecure 4. Severely food insecure B. Humanitarian emergency/lamine Clusters A B C D E F G H Outlook (for coming cycle)	Yayankhu shorungchabise Rudafa Baraha Balanta Bal	mary
According to the DFSN meeting, the district has Minimally Food Insecure in the reporting cycle. More than 80% households are able to access and consume food without shifting their livelihood strategies. More than 50% households have food stock for 4 months due to harvesting of paddy, millet and access to the market purchases with affordable price. They have income from sale of livestock and its products (NPR 598 million); Cash crops/NTFPs (cabbage, cauliflower, ginger, Tejpat) (NPR 335.3 million); and (NPR 460 million) from remittance inflow as well as wage opportunities in agriculture and construction fields. Market price (coarse rice gone up from Rs 35 to Rs 40) hiked by 14% compared to this season last year across the district. DPHO reports that the district has normal situation of malnutrition (underweight) by 1.8% as well as no significant impact of diseases outbreaks. As per DFSN meeting, the food security situation is predicted to be remained normal as Minimally Food Insecure for the period of Chaitra 2070 – Asar 2071 (3rd		
Phase 3 Phase 4 Phase 5 Reported By: DFSN / DC	trimester) across the district. This situation is mainly attributed to the household's own food stock (paddy, millet); and access Income from sale of livestock products (milk, meat, chicken, eggs, etc) and cash crops (Summer vegetables, Mango, legume g remittance as well as income from wage opportunities in construction and agricultural fields. Market price is likely to be rema Further, human diseases and climatic hazards are assumed to be normal during this period. Date of DFSN meeting: 06 May 2014 World Food Programme Food Security Monitoring and Analysis System	grains, ginger, etc). Continuous inflow of